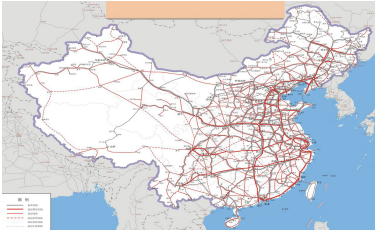
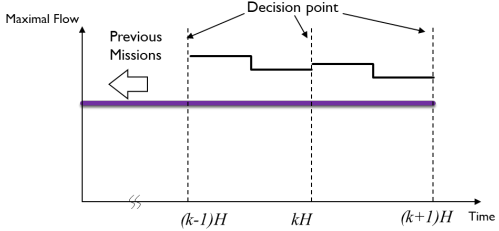


Maintenance policy optimization of infrastructure with complex network structure

Model-based methods


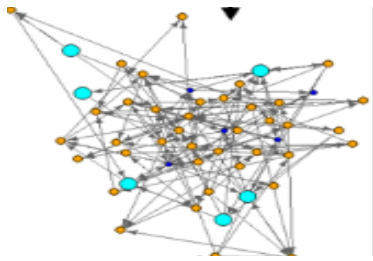
Define the system reliability as the probability that the maximal network flow between the source node and sink node is larger than a given demand.

Optimize the maintenance policy that decide when to repair which component in what level, without considering maintenance break during operation, under limited resource.

Data driven methods

For systems that are hard to define or calculate a metric to reflect the system performance, such as the complicated tele-communication network, constructing data driven models is an effective method to detect the anomaly state and then make the optimal decision. Deep learning is also a good tool for data analysis.

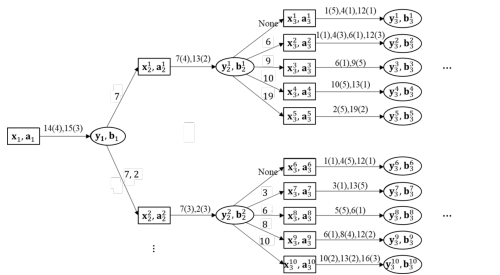



A heuristic-based algorithm to solve the bi-objective stochastic optimization problem.

		period									
TC=376.5		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
component	1			2							
	2										
	3									1	
	4										
	5										
	6	2									
	7										
	8			2							
	9	1									
	10										
	11				1						
R_k	0.9932	0.9796	0.9382	0.9403	0.999	0.9839	0.966	0.9622	0.9722	0.9471	

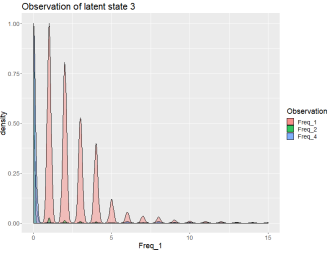
Obtain a static multi-period policy

An approximate dynamic programming approach to overcome the dimension curse.



Obtain a dynamic policy

A low-rank state-space model to detect the anomaly state that with different data distribution from normal states.



A deep reinforcement learning approach to evaluate the network service reliability and optimize the maintenance policy.

